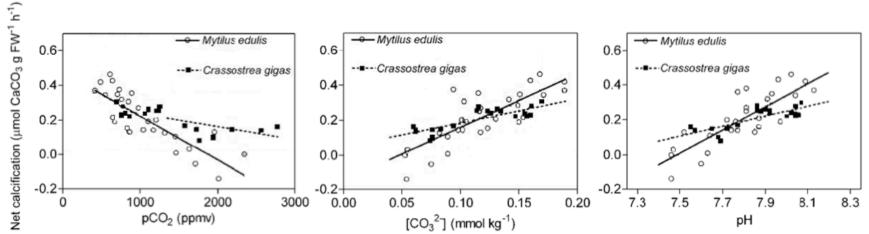
## **Ocean Acidification & Calcifying Organisms Data Figure**

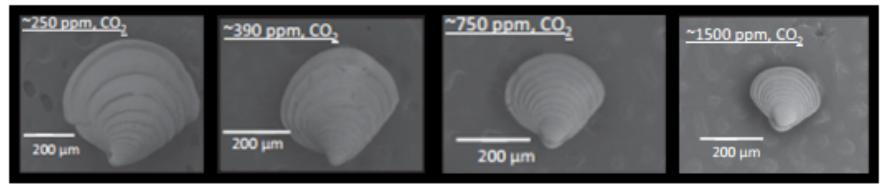
**Net Calcification, CO<sub>2</sub>, Carbonate (CO<sub>3</sub><sup>2-</sup>), and pH –** The graphs show the relationship between net calcification and partial pressure CO<sub>2</sub>, carbonate ion concentration, and pH for *Mytilus edulis* (blue mussel) and *Crassostrea gigas* (pacific oyster).



(Gazeau, F., C. Quiblier, J.M. Jansen, J.-P. Gattuso, J.J. Middelburg, and C.H.R. Heip. 2007. Impact of elevated CO<sub>2</sub> on shellfish calcification. Geophysical Research Letters. 34.)

## **Ocean Acidification & Calcifying Organisms Data Figure**

*M. mercenaria* Grown Under Different CO<sub>2</sub> Concentrations – Scanning electron microscopy (SEM) images of *M. mercernaria* (saltwater clam species) grown in different CO<sub>2</sub> levels for 36 days ranging from 250-1500ppm.



(Talmage, S.C. and C.J. Gobler. 2010. Effects of past, present, and future ocean carbon dioxide concentrations on the growth and survival or larval shellfish. Proceedings of the National Academy of Sciences. 107:40.)